The integrated border management \ The cooperation between the security services, security enhancement and facilitate trading.

Considering the geo-political location of Jordan, and its proximity to the areas where the terrorist and radical organizations exist, the fact that caused a terrorist threat or human\goods smuggling activities attempts. On daily basis, the country faces several cases (such as: forged documents, passports or identity theft) conducted by individuals working in Jordan or by transit travelers to European countries who have the intent to request a humanitarian asylum. In addition, the previously mentioned cases are being dealt by cadres that are well trained, qualified and provided with state-of-the-art forgery detectors and human behavior studies.

Cross Border are considered the first defense line for the state security, their main objectives are ensuring the safety of all citizens and passengers, and preventing the threats of accessing Jordanian territories. Therefore, a high-level coordination is occurring between the chiefs of the security and civil services working in the border center, in order to sustain the work and to ensure keeping those services as a matter of fact for the latest threats and the threat level that are facing the country. Moreover, setting the necessary plans needed to sustain the work in the border center according to the threat level.

As a result of those factors, the need has become urgent to develop the Jordanian border system and to improve the capabilities of the border centers cadres, according to the best international practices. Therefore, Jordan has participated in the integrated management of borders program in cooperation with the European Union in 2019, in order to be stable in achieving desired goals needed to develop the border system in terms of: training, providing modern equipment and improving the infrastructure. Furthermore, to consolidate the cooperation between the state services working in the border system, which ensure easy exchange of information, and facilitate traveling for both passengers and goods from/ to the kingdom.

The Jordanian government has sought to develop the capabilities of the human elements working in the border system. Through, including them in training

courses and holding joint workshops, in order to acknowledge them with experiences from other state services' cadres or from friendly states in regards of border administration. In addition, the state government has created joint operation rooms (which included the GID, Public security and the customs) and provided them with modern technical systems (such as: communication, cameras and functioning connectivity), in order to sustain the productivity of those rooms.

The Jordanian government has culminated the previous procedures to activate the role of the integrated borders by creating both the Advance Passenger Information (API) and the Passenger Name Record (PNR) centers in the beginning of 2020, through the issuing of a legislative law concerned with early inquiries about travelers. In addition, it has created an operation center which included professional experts from security and civil services working in the borders (airports), jointly with member states under the umbrella of the United Nations. This program goals is to prevent: organized crime, human trafficking, illegal immigration. Also, banning the travel of the terrorist elements and accessing Jordan, preventing narcotics smuggling, combating cross-border smuggling and facilitating the passengers and goods movement across the border.

Jordan aims to organize its relations with neighboring and regional countries through participating in bilateral agreements, which are regulating the relations in term of dealing with people, anticrime as well as facilitating the passengers and goods movement. Also it has participated in agreements between member states of the united nations to deal with passengers, goods traffic flow and humanitarian cases (wars, forced migration). The Jordanian government is seeking to find mechanisms needed to communicate with neighboring countries via mutual visits and activating the role of liaison officers, holding regular meetings between the opposing border centers directors to address any emerging dilemmas to facilitate the movement of passengers and goods.

The borders administration in Jordan has a key role in development, by facilitating the entrance of goods that are needed in the local markets, as well as exported goods, and reducing transportation and exportation costs in a manner that enhances the competitiveness of local products in foreign markets. In addition to preventing the entry or transit of illegal goods. The border

department has established a unit to monitor the containers and air cargo to impose control over dual-use goods. Moreover, it has formed customs security control committees at border centers. In order to achieve success at borders administration, attention was paid to the level of information flow, and a brief statement submission system was applied to ensure compliance with the provisions of prevention and restriction and to conduct threat assessments before goods entrance, in order to enable border administration to carry out its duties in development and security. Through, participatory between law enforcement agencies at the borders. The integrated border management works on achieving balance between its main goals, throughout adopting cooperation approach in exchanging information and providing it to competent authorities. Then, jointly assess the information. In addition to exploiting the available capabilities to control cross-border goods and what poses a threat to national and domestic security.